Case report

An 84-year-old woman with advanced pharyngeal cancer underwent colonoscopy for intermittent rectal bleeding in October 2012. Colonoscopy disclosed two red sessile polyps in the rectum (Fig 1). The larger one was spherical with a smooth surface, measuring approximately 15 mm in diameter (Fig 2). Biopsy showed hyperplastic glands and marked proliferation of smooth muscle cells in the lamina propria, consistent with a diagnosis of inflammatory myoglandular polyp (IMGP) [Fig 3]. The patient denied colonoscopic treatment and stays in a hospice.

Inflammatory myoglandular polyp is a rare, non-neoplastic polyp of the colorectum with histological features of inflammatory granulation tissue in the lamina propria, proliferation of smooth muscle cells, and hyperplastic glands with variable cystic changes. Since Nakamura et al first documented IMGP in 1992, only 60 cases of IMGPs have been reported worldwide. As most IMGPs are located in the rectum and the sigmoid colon, a common symptom of the condition is haematochezia. Although the causes of IMGP are obscure, chronic trauma from the faecal stream and peristalsis may contribute to its pathogenesis. With prolonged irritation, small, sessile IMGPs can enlarge and become pedunculated. Characteristic features include hyperaemic surface with patchy mucous exudation and erosion. Inflammatory myoglandular polyp differs from other non-neoplastic polyps including inflammatory cap polyps, inflammatory cloacogenic polyps, juvenile polyps, inflammatory fibroid polyps, polyps secondary to mucosal prolapse syndrome, polypoid prolapsing mucosal folds of diverticular disease in terms of its clinical and histopathological features. Most IMGPs can be treated by endoscopic resection. Because IMGP follows a benign course, endoscopic resection might be unnecessary when
biopsy confirms the histopathological diagnosis.3

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References

